

# Week 25 Opening Work

*Freshmen English*  
*Mrs. Hess*

2<sup>nd</sup> semester – Week 7

# Day 1

- Use of underlining or italics with words used as words
- Use of underlining or italics with foreign words
- Inclusion of closing quotation marks
- Combining sentences

# Day 1

- 1. The word theater comes from the Greek word theatron, which means “a place for seeing.
- 2. In this sense, the word still refers to a building in which plays are performed. They are seen by an audience.

# Day 1

- 1. The word *theater* comes from the Greek word *theatron*, which means “a place for seeing.”
- 2. In this sense, the word still refers to a building in which plays are performed **and seen by an audience.**

# Day 2

- Correct placement of comma with parentheses
- Correct use of colon before a list
- Use of hyphens in compound noun

# Day 2

- 1. All theaters have an auditorium, (where the audience sits) a stage, and a work area.
- 2. Today, we use three basic kinds of stages the proscenium stage, the open or platform stage, and the theater in the round or arena stage.

# Day 2

- 1. All theaters have an auditorium (where the audience sits), a stage, and a work area.
- 2. Today, we use three basic kinds of stages: the proscenium stage, the open or platform stage, and the **theater-in-the-round** or arena stage.

# Day 3

- Use of commas to set off nonrestrictive participial phrase
- Correction of misplaced modifier
- Subject and verb agreement



# Day 3

- 1. The proscenium stage designed only to be viewed from the front has a curtain that conceals or reveals the stage.
- 2. The stage in most high school auditoriums are a proscenium stage.

# Day 3

- Use of commas to set off nonrestrictive participial phrase
- Correction of misplaced modifier
- Subject and verb agreement

# Day 3

- 1. The proscenium stage, designed to be viewed **only** from the front, has a curtain that conceals or reveals the stage.
- 2. The stage in most high school auditoriums **is** a proscenium stage.

# Day 4

- Elimination of *you* without a clear antecedent
- Spelling out numbers through one hundred
- Use of commas to set off appositive

# Day 4

- 1. In an open stage theater, you sit around 3 sides of a raised platform that extends into the auditorium.
- 2. London's Globe Theatre home of Shakespeare's theatrical company was an open stage theater.

# Day 4

- 1. In an open stage theater, **the audience** sits around **three** sides of a raised platform that extends into the auditorium.
- 2. London's Globe Theatre, home of Shakespeare's theatrical company, was an open stage theater.

# Day 5

- Subject and verb agreement
- Formation of plural of compound noun
- Use of conjunction *so that*
- Correct spelling of homophones

# Day 5

- 1. In theater-in-the-round, performers act in an open space at floor level in the auditorium while the audience sit on all four sides.
- 2. Most theater-in-the-rounds seat fewer people than other theaters so the audience can see and here well.



# Day 5

- 1. In theater-in-the-round, performers act in an open space at floor level in the auditorium while the audience **sits** on all four sides.
- 2. Most theaters-in-the-round seat fewer people than other theaters **so that** the audience can see and **hear** well.